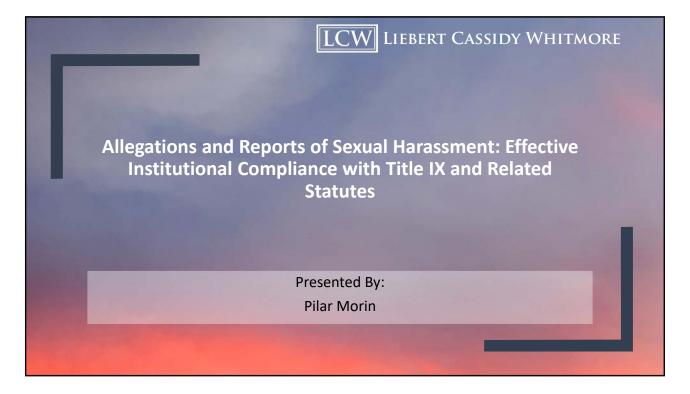
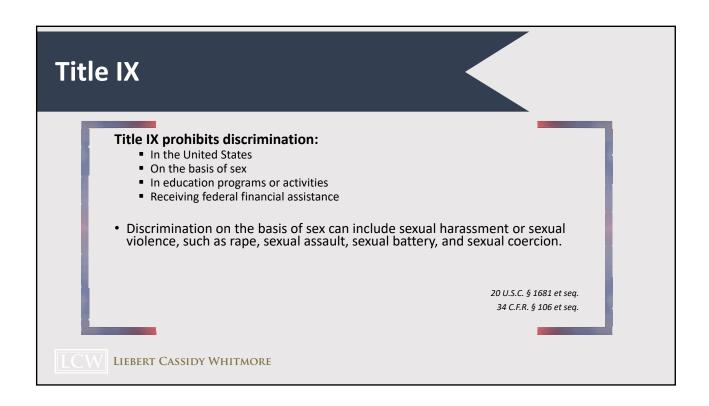
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

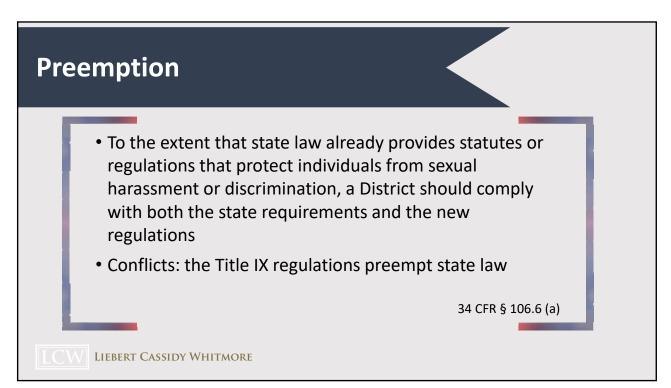


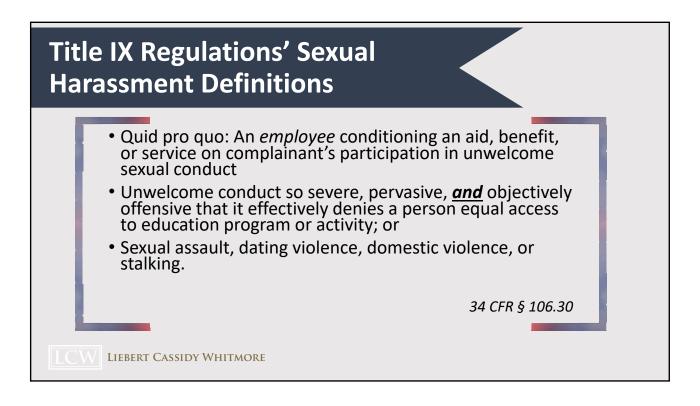
Title IX Developments

- July 2021: OCR issued Q&As on regulations
- August 24, 2021: OCR guidance re statements not subject to cross-examination are admissible
- July 2022: DE published Title IX Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM)
 - Public comment period ended September 12, 2022
 - Final rules expected May 2023



CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

Title IX Sexual Harassment

- · Determining severity, pervasiveness, and offensiveness
 - Not applicable to reports of quid pro quo sexual harassment
 - Not applicable to reports of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, or stalking
 - Consider surrounding circumstances, expectations, relationships
 - Reasonable person standard



LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Case Study – Application of Title IX

Lucy is a student at Sunshine Community College. The College organizes a study abroad program to Barcelona, Spain. Lucy travels with 10 other students and Professor Kelly to Barcelona. Professor Kelly teaches a math course as part of the program. Lucy meets with Professor Kelly during his office hours to discuss her grade. She expresses concern she won't be getting an A. Professor Kelly leans, places his hand on her thigh and kisses her on the cheek. He tells her not to worry about the class, she will be getting an A. Lucy avoids interacting with Professor Kelly for the remainder of the trip.



CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin



When they return to California, Lucy tells her boyfriend about the incident who encourages her to file a complaint. She meets with the Title IX coordinator.

Does Lucy's complaint against Professor Kelly fall under Title IX? Why or why not?



LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Case Study – Mandatory or Voluntary Dismissal

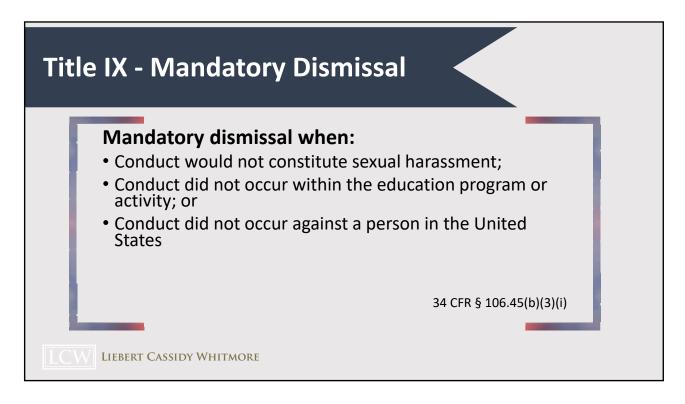
After meeting with the Title IX Coordinator, Lucy decides to file a formal complaint against Professor Kelly. She completes the form online and emails it to the Title IX Coordinator.

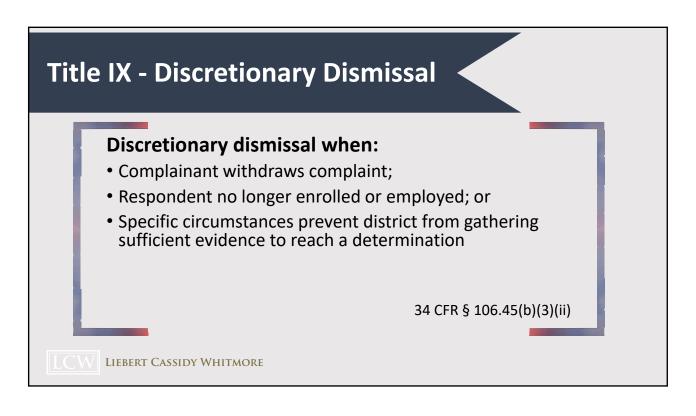
Must the Title IX coordinator issue notice of the allegations and an investigation?



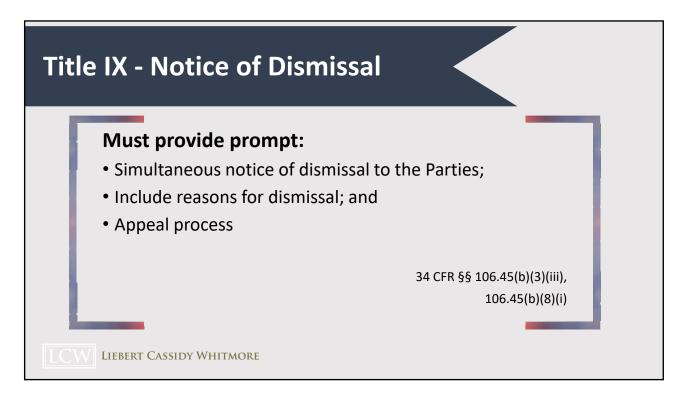


CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023



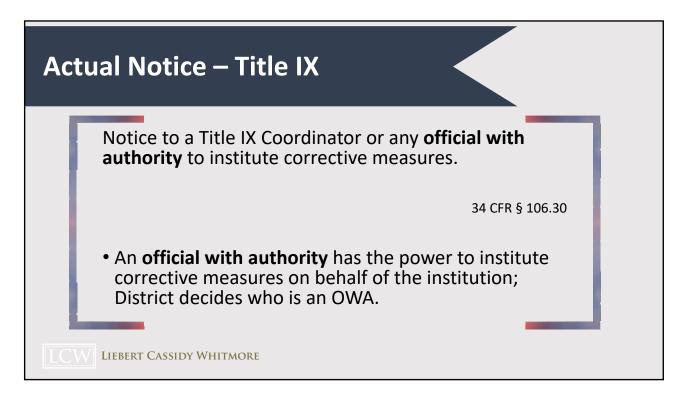


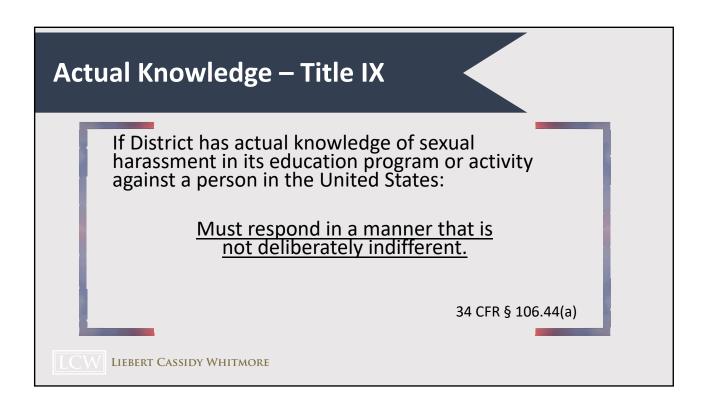
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

Compare: Cal. Ed. Code: Duty to Respond

- Primary concern must be student safety
- Must take reasonable steps to respond to incident of sexual harassment,
 - o whether occurring in connection with or outside of its educational activities or programs
 - o whether occurring on or off campus
- if there is any reason to believe the incident could contribute to a hostile educational environment or otherwise interfere with a student's access to education.

Ed. Code § 66281.8(b)(3)



LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Compare: Cal FEHA – Employment Protections Against Sexual Harassment

- Must respond to sexual harassment as defined by California Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA)
 - Sex harassment has a different definition under FEHA
 - Supervisors must report under FEHA
- Title IX obligations might conflict with collective bargaining agreements

CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

Case Study – Actual Knowledge

Professor Kelly is a member of the math program and is responsible for teaching one of the mandatory courses. Lucy is in her final semester and is required to take Professor Kelly's class. Professor Kelly asks to meet with Lucy after the lecture. Lucy stays after class per his request. While they are alone in the classroom, Professor Kelly pushes Lucy against the wall and aggressively kisses her.



LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Case Study – Actual Knowledge

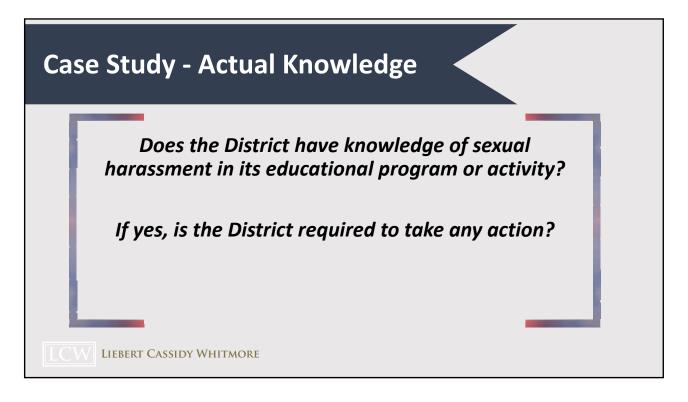
He tells her, she's his best student and he cannot stop thinking about them in Barcelona. Lucy pushes him away and runs out of the classroom. She finds a campus police officer and files a police report. By the time the campus police officer walks over to Professor Kelly's classroom, he is gone. Lucy tells her mom and her boyfriend and refuses to attend Professor Kelly's class. She's encouraged to file another complaint against Professor Kelly. Lucy refuses, stating she was ignored before and doesn't trust the College.

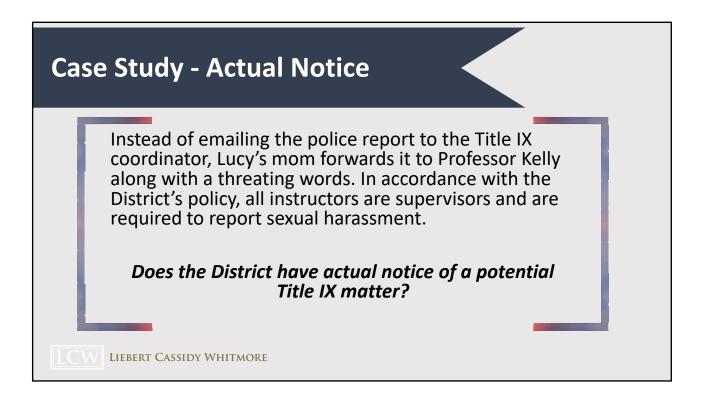
Lucy's mom receives a copy of the police report and emails it to the Title IX coordinator expressing her anger.





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin



James is the Director of Information Technology. Celia, a student who works in IT, confides in him that she has been sexually assaulted by a coach. The District's policy says that all supervisors have a duty to report sexual harassment in the workplace.

The District now has actual notice of a potential Title IX matter?



LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

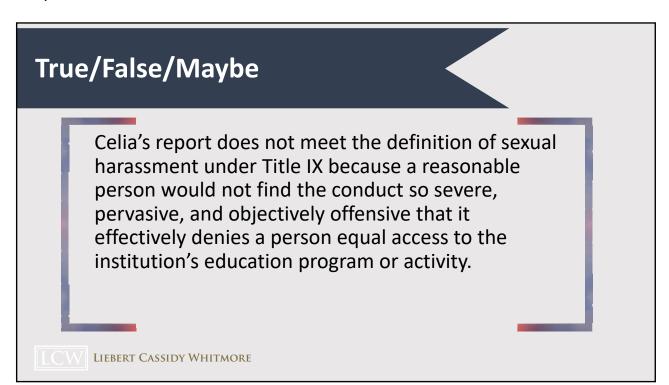
Case Study: Sexual Harassment

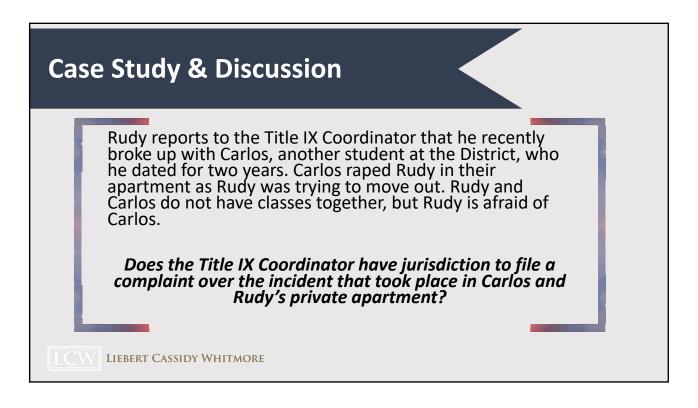
Celia, who is a work study student, reports to the Title IX Coordinator the following:

James, the Athletic Director, has told her she can get more hours if she goes out with him. He only asked her out once. He did not reduce her hours when she said no.

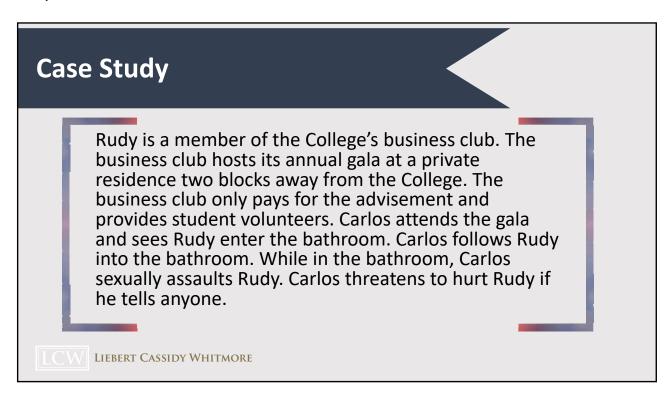


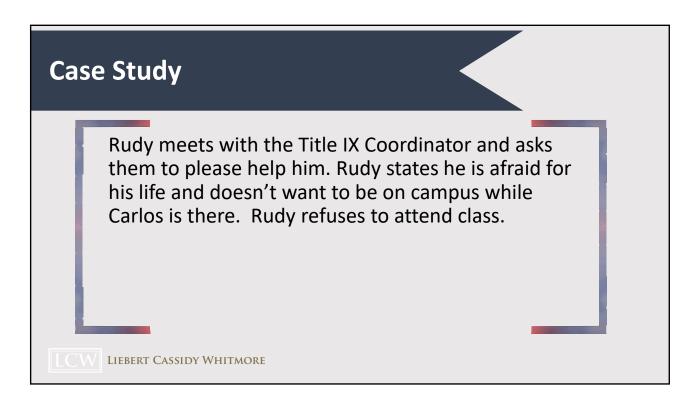
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023



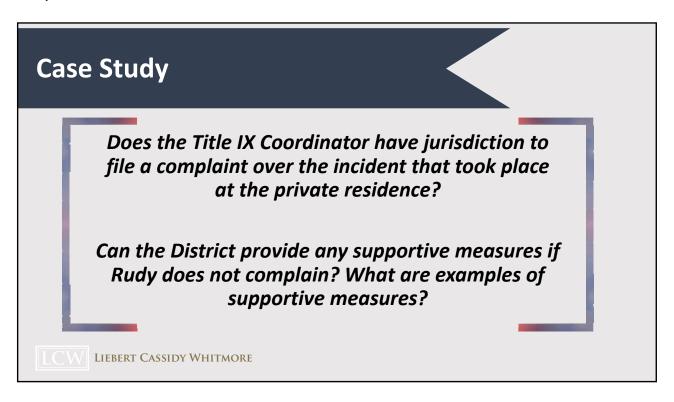


CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023



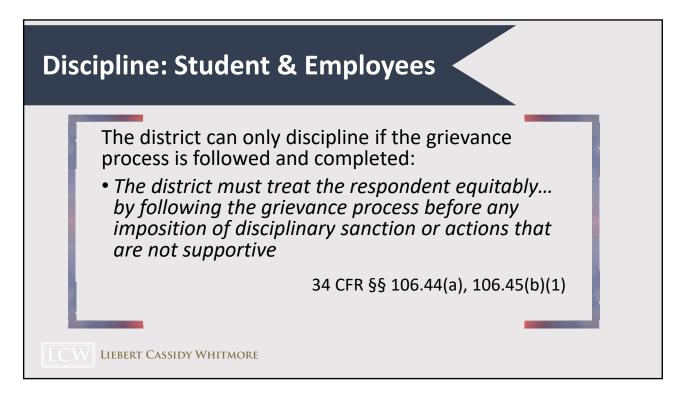


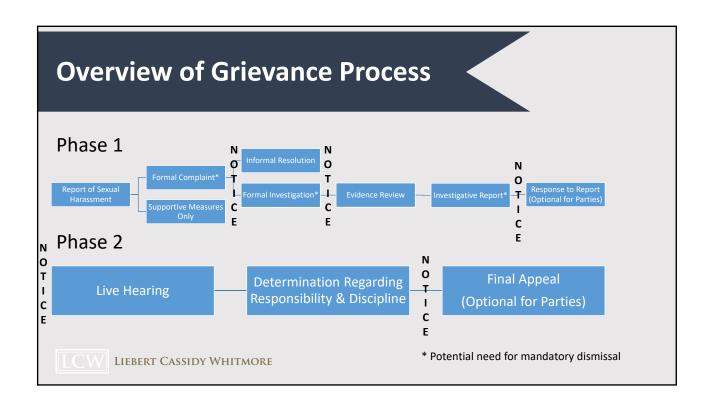
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023



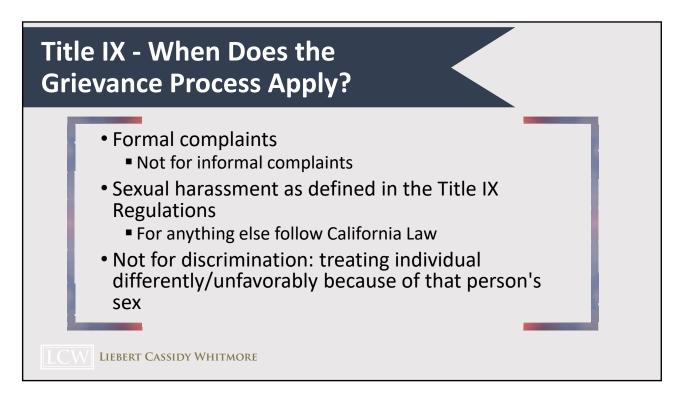


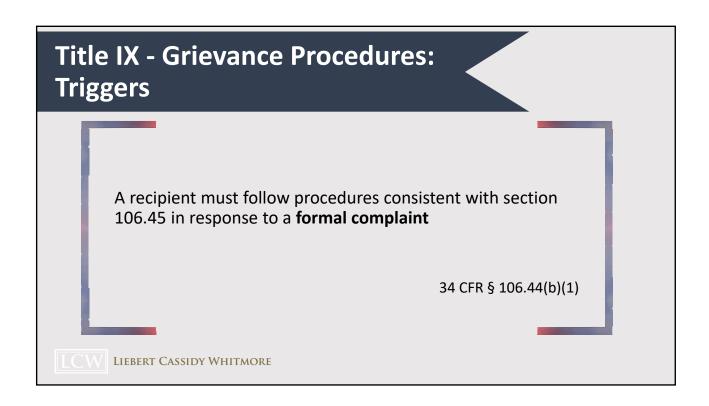
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023



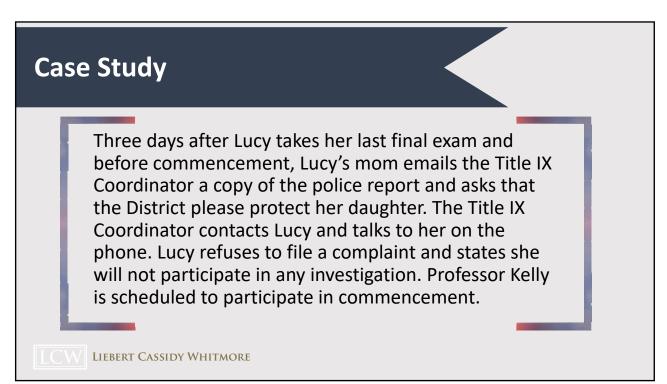


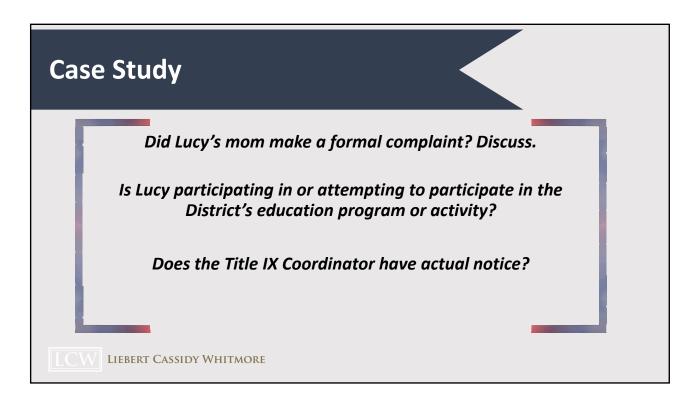
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023



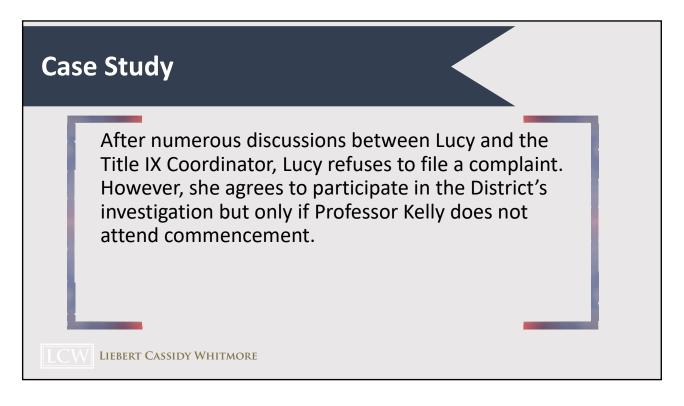


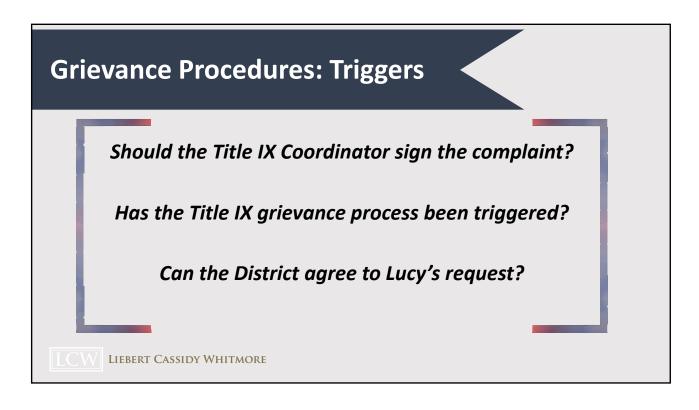
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023



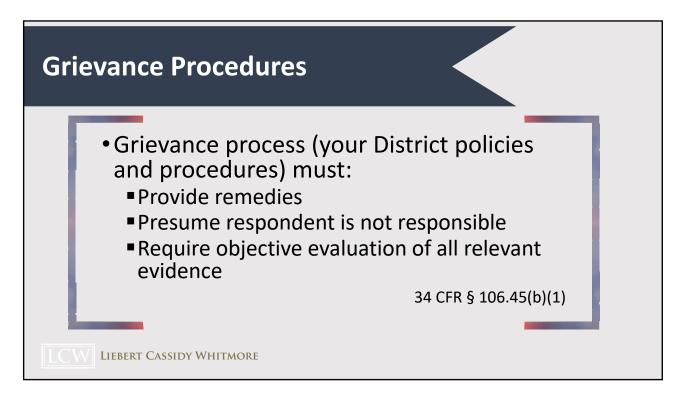


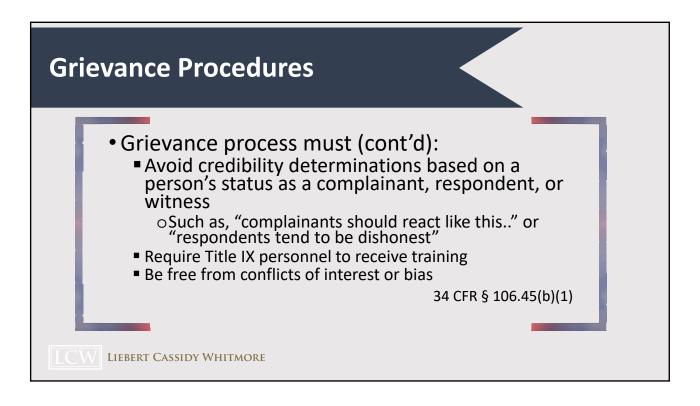
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023



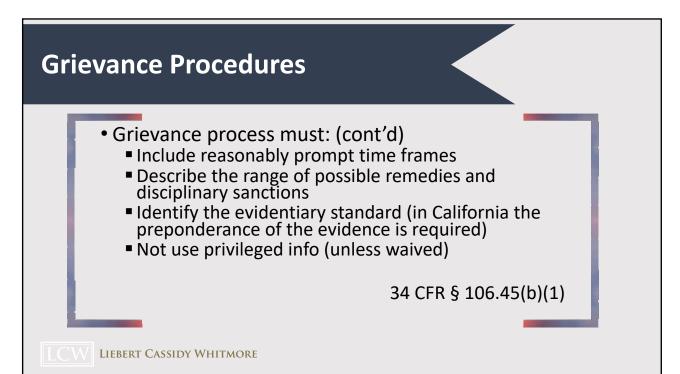


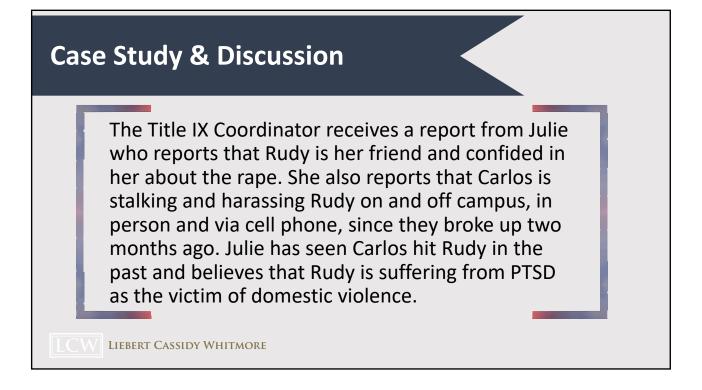
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023



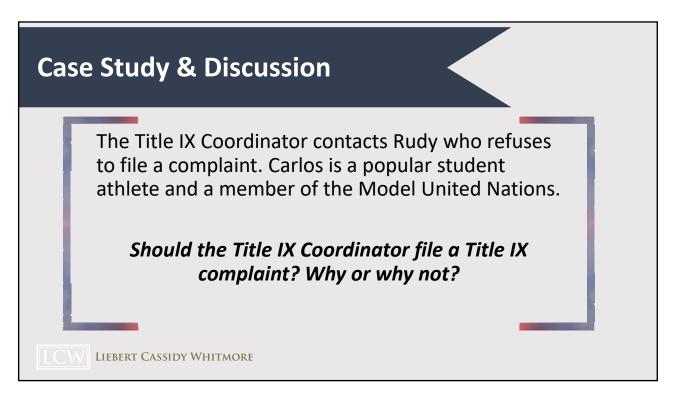


CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

Title IX – Student Emergency Removal

- Available at any point in grievance process
- Possible after an individualized analysis
- Appropriate when **non-employee** Respondent poses immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment
- Must provide notice to Respondent & appeal
- Can be used to remove from class or campus

34 CFR § 106.44(c)

LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Title IX or Ed Code: Employee **Paid Administrative Leave**

- District has authority to place employee Respondents on administrative leave during Title IX grievance process or under SB 493 (Ed. Code)
 - Coordinate with HR to ensure compliance with CBAs and Ed Code
 - Example: faculty admin. leave per Ed. Code 87623 (Effective Nov. 4, 2022, title 5 regulations require to complete investigation in 90 days and can only extend with agreement of employee)

CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin



The Title IX Coordinator provides Professor Kelly notice of the allegations. The notice includes a copy of the police report and directs Professor Kelly to the District's policy identifying the Title IX procedure. The policy also identifies the grievance process. The notice states the District will follow up with the notice of interview.

Is the notice sufficient?



LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Title IX - Notice of Allegations

Must provide written notice to the parties:

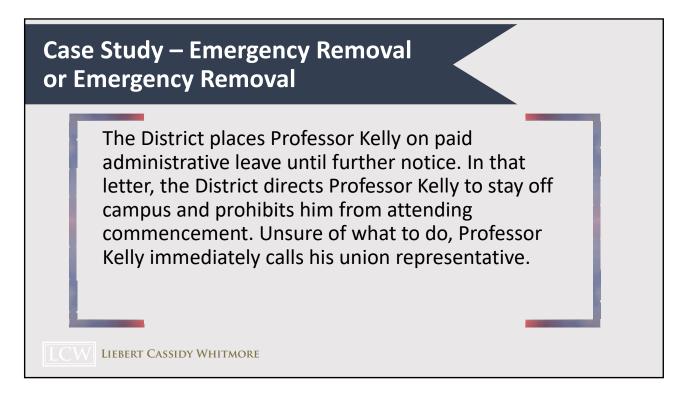
- · Notice of the grievance process
- Presumption that Respondent is not responsible
- · Statement that determination occurs at end of grievance process
- · Notice of the allegations (date, location if known)
- · Sufficient time to prepare before interview
- · Right to advisor
- · Right to Evidence Review
- · Code of conduct provisions re: false statements and false information

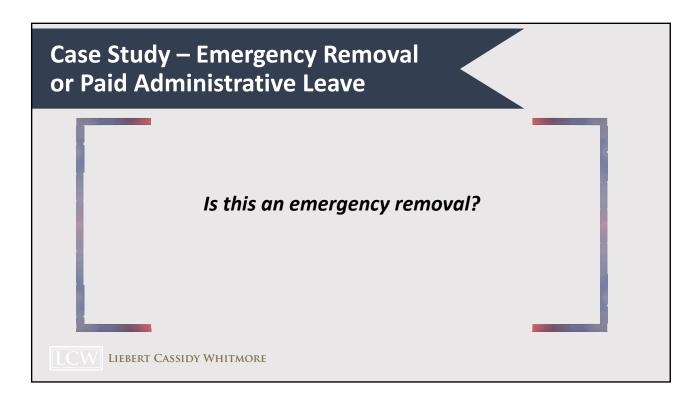
34 CFR § 106.45(b)(2)(i)





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

Role of Advisors Before Hearing

- Purpose: provide assistance and support to Party
- Individual of the party's choosing: family member, friend, an attorney, a neighbor
- Parties have right to advisor at all times, but required for cross exam
 - May attend investigative interview, participate in evidence review, help party prepare response to investigative report
- May not obstruct interview or disrupt grievance process
- District may require confidentiality agreement

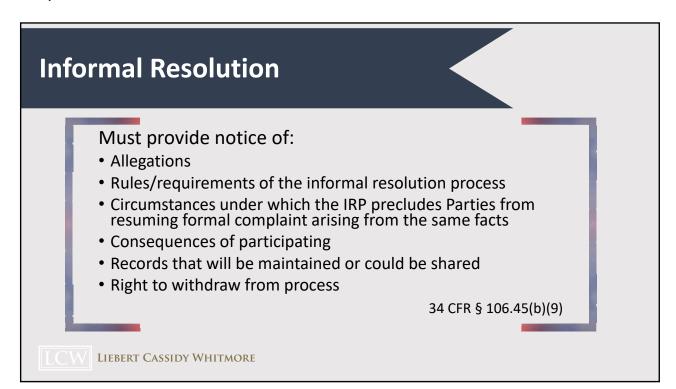


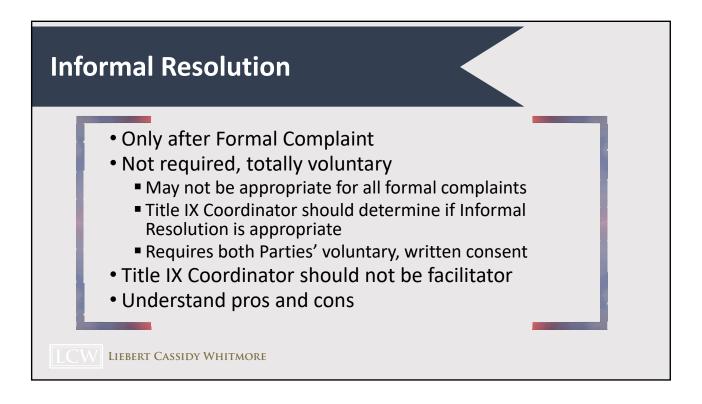
The Title IX The Grievance Process – Informal Resolution and Formal Investigation





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

True/False/Maybe

Rudy reports to the Title IX Coordinator that he broke up with Carlos last semester. At the time of the breakup, Carlos was a student at the District, but he is no longer enrolled. Rudy recently realized Carlos was stalking him on campus and filed a formal complaint. Carlos, an experienced mechanic, is now an adjunct employee at the District. Rudy has filed a complaint.

The District can offer the parties informal resolution.



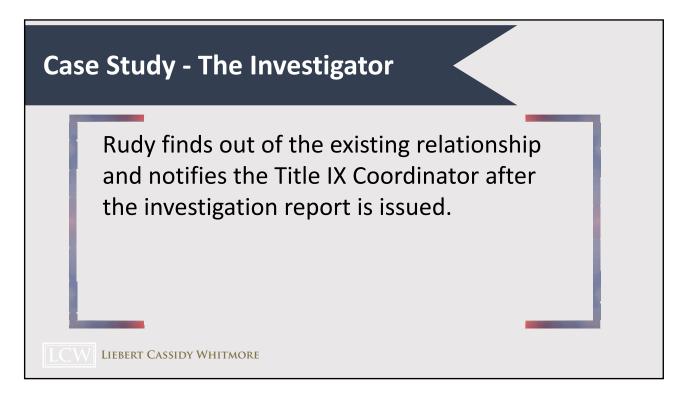
LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

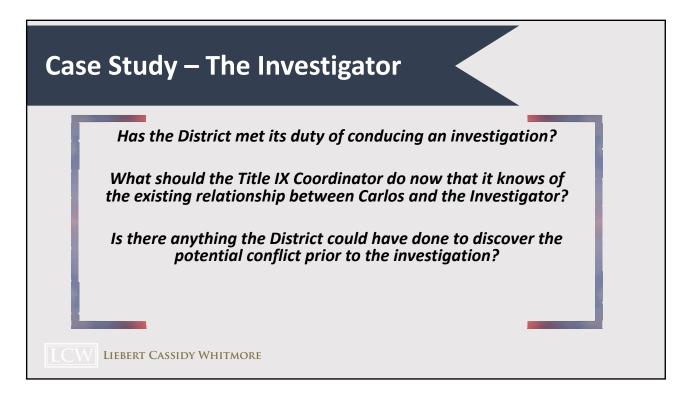
Case Study - The Investigator

The Title IX Coordinator initiates an investigation into Rudy's allegations. An outside investigator experienced with Title IX complaints is retained. Unknown to the Title IX Coordinator, the investigator is Carlos' high school friend. Neither the Investigator nor Carlos disclose their friendship.

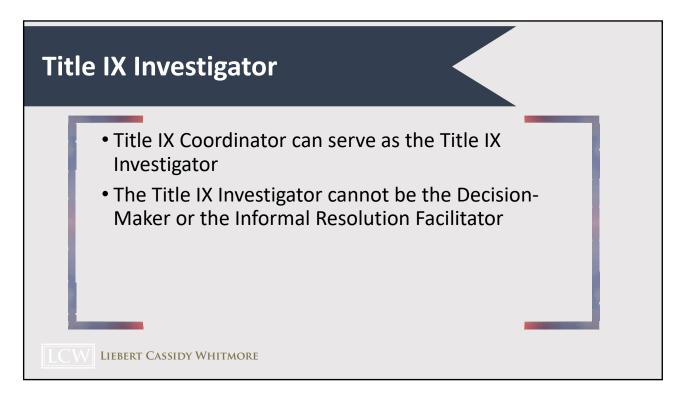


CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

The Investigation

- Inculpatory evidence tends to support a determination that the respondent's is responsible for alleged conduct; evidence that tends to establish guilt
- Exculpatory evidence tends to support a determination that the respondent is not responsible for the alleged conduct; evidence that tends to exonerate

LCW LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Evidence Review

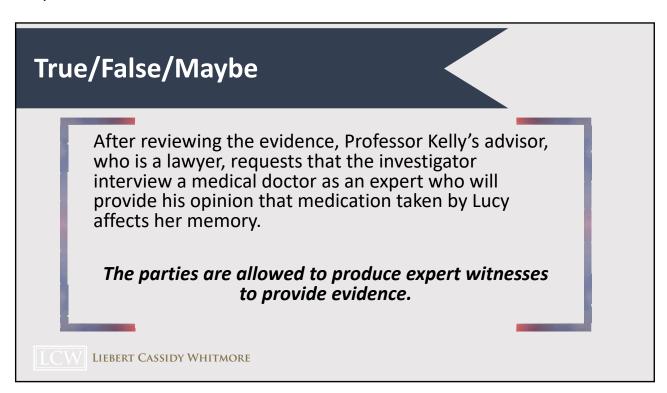
Complainant and respondent:

- At least 10 days time
- Right to inspect and review evidence directly related to the allegations
- Right to submit written response to evidence
- Investigator must consider response before completing report

34 CFR §106.45 (b)(5)(vi)



CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

True/False/Maybe

After the District provided the parties notice of the hearing, Professor Kelly contacted the decisionmaker and stated he accepted responsibility and wanted to bypass the hearing in order to expedite the disciplinary decision.

Because Professor Kelly admitted responsibility, the decision-maker can issue the determination regarding responsibility without the hearing?



LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Hearing

- Opportunity for Parties to appear before a decision maker to respond to the evidence gathered during the investigation
- Neither Party may unilaterally waive the right to a live hearing
 - Can choose whether to participate in the hearing and whether to answer cross-examination questions
- Must presume Respondent is not responsible for alleged conduct





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin



- Only required to provide for cross exam, but party has a right to advisor of choice at all times
- District can limit role of advisor:
 - Can attend meetings but may not be proxy for party
 - No role outside of cross examination
 - Party must author questions
- District can allow advisor role to be active:
 - Can conduct opening statement/closing argument
 - Provide guidance through hearing
 - May author questions, may make objections



LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Role of Decision-Maker

- Conduct hearing
 - May ask Parties and witnesses questions
- Must objectively evaluate all relevant evidence
 - Including inculpatory and exculpatory evidence
 - No credibility determinations based on status as Complainant, Respondent, or witness
- Must independently reach a determination regarding responsibility
 - Without giving deference to the investigative report





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

Responsibilities of Decision-Maker

- Must ensure hearing process is impartial, objective, unbiased, neutral, and independent
 - Cannot have conflict of interest or bias
 - Must be independent from Title IX Coordinator and Investigator
- Can be one person or panel, internal or external



LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

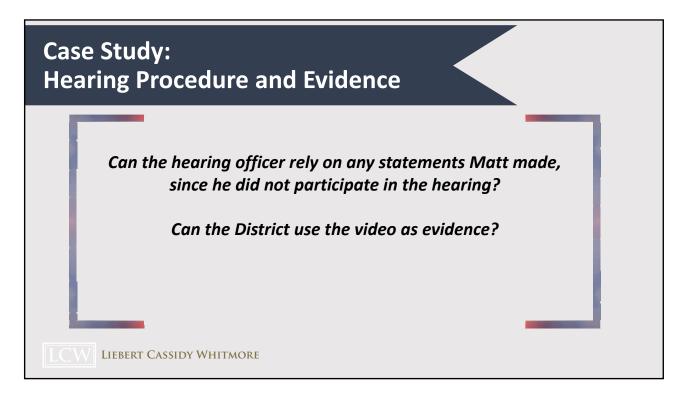
Case Study: Evidence

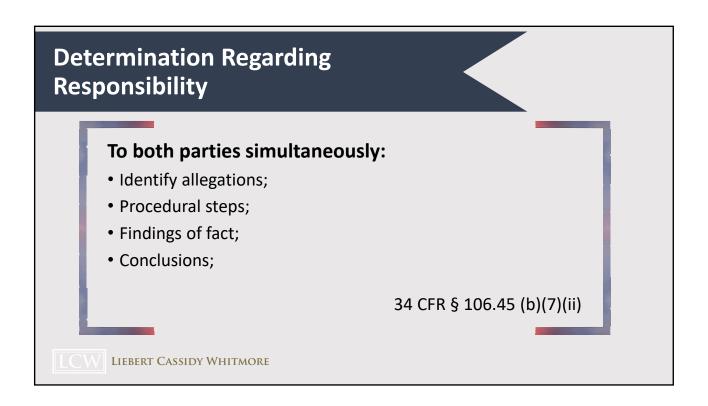
Two students, Matt and Shayna were newly dating. One night Matt secretly video taped Shayna having sex with him. Matt shared the video via text with his friends. Shayna learned of the video and filed a formal complaint. The District conducted a Title IX investigation and held a hearing. Matt refused to participate in the hearing because he heard the decision-maker cannot rely on his statements if he didn't appear. Matt considered the video he made his statement, and concluded the decision-maker cannot watch it.



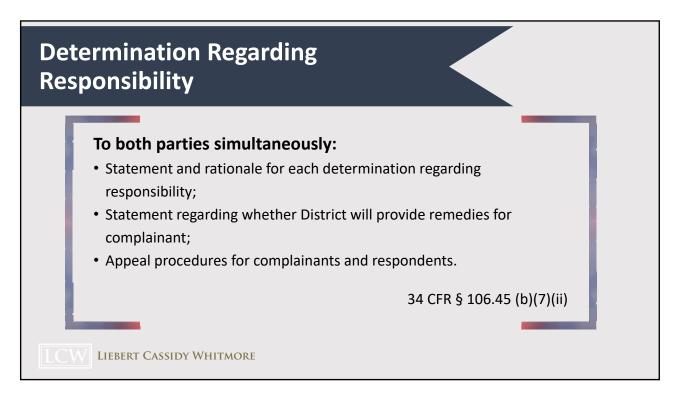


CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023



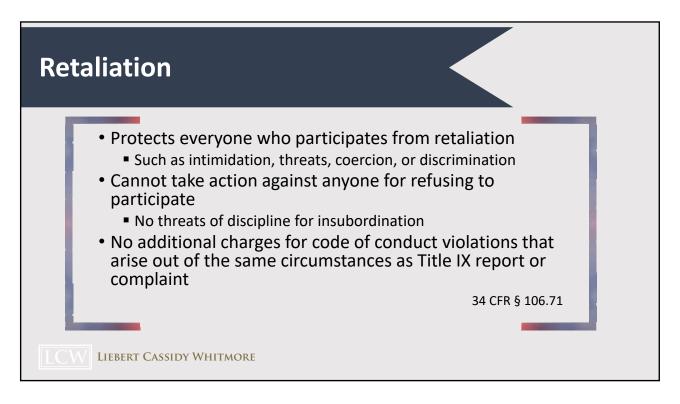


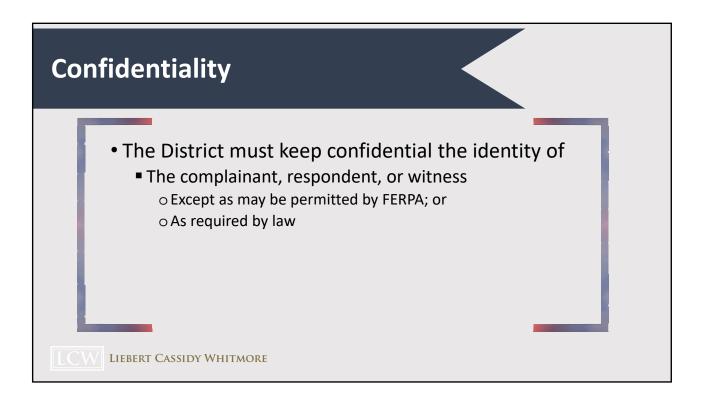
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

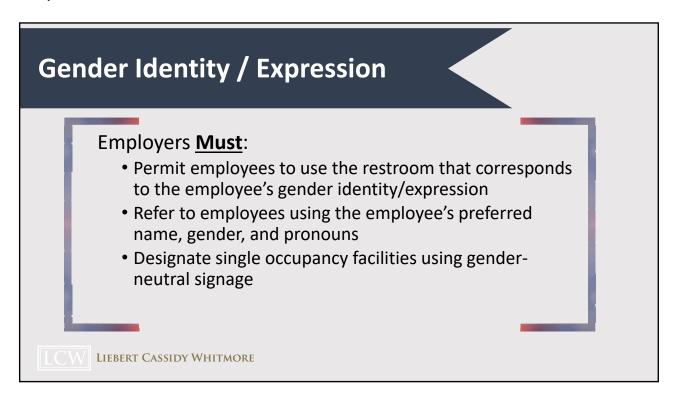
Presented By: Pilar Morin

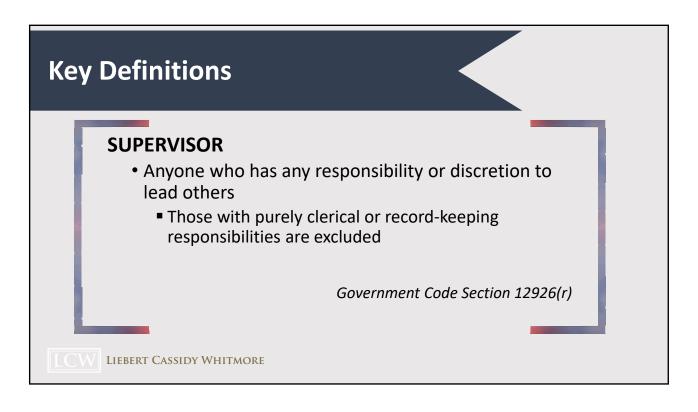


Sexual Harassment

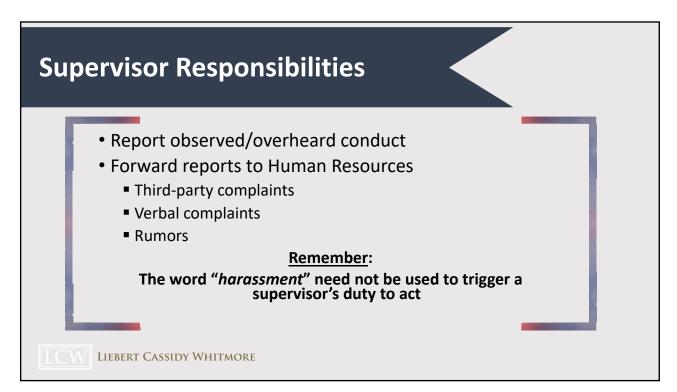
- "Sex" includes pregnancy, childbirth, gender, gender identity, transgender, gender expression, and breastfeeding or a medical condition related to breastfeeding
- "Sexual Orientation" includes gay, lesbian, and bisexual individuals

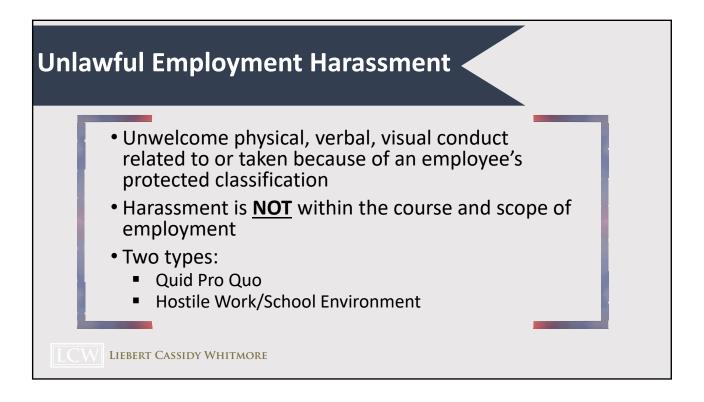
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023



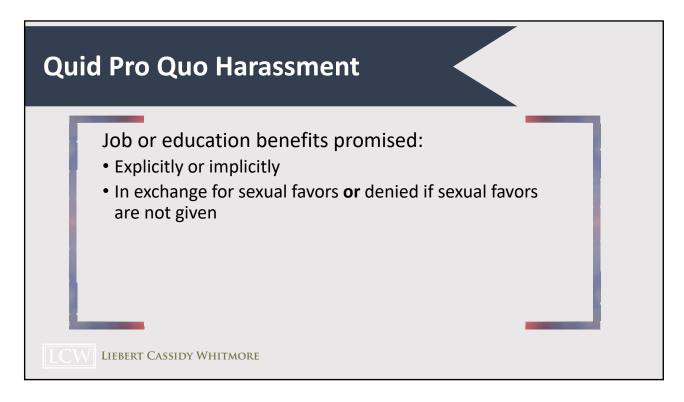


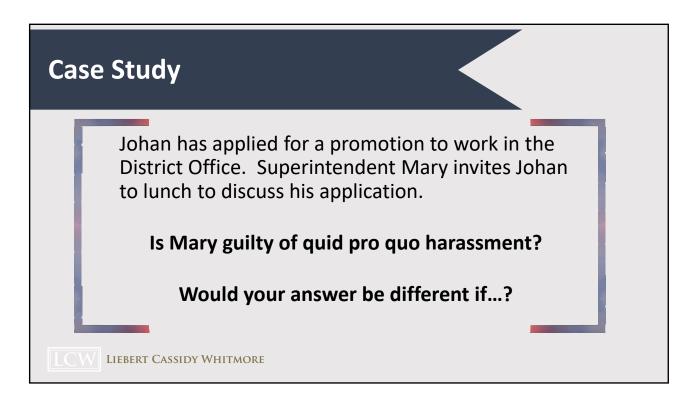
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023



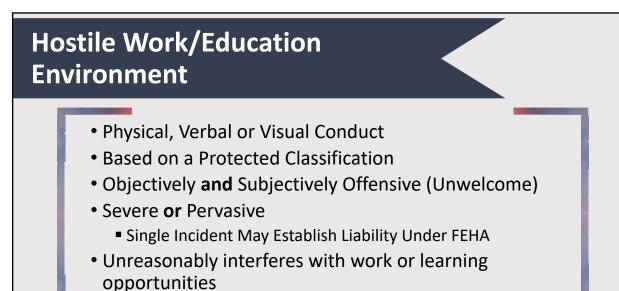


CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

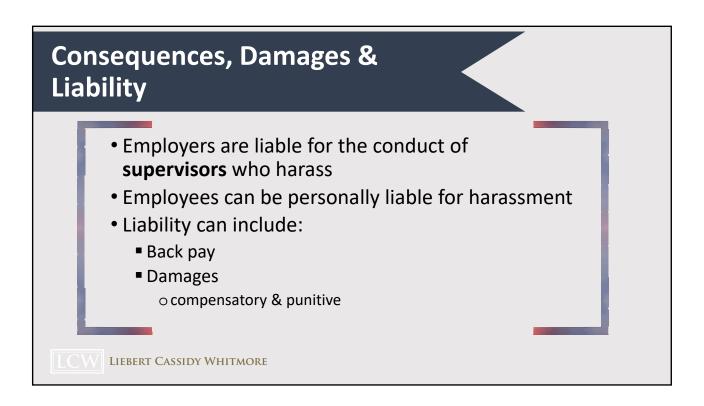




CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023







CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

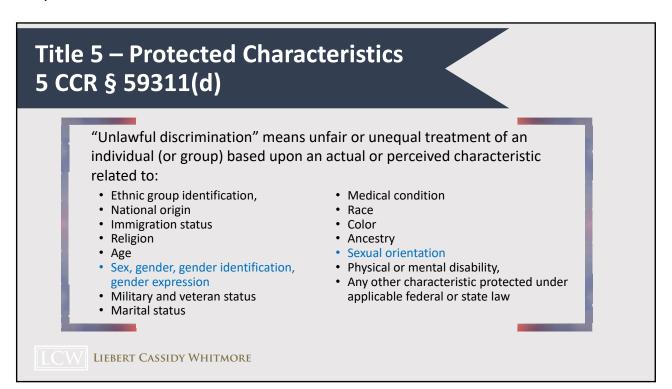
Presented By: Pilar Morin

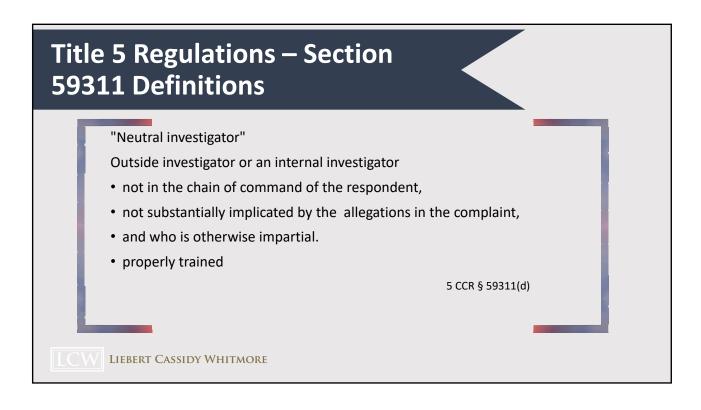


Title 5 – District Responsibilities and Policies

- "Community college districts must ensure that their programs and activities are available to all persons without unlawful discrimination. Community college districts shall investigate complaints of unlawful discrimination in their programs and activities, in accordance with the provisions of this subchapter." (5 CCR § 59320.)
- Each district must establish and adopt written policies consistent with the Title 5 Regulations. (5 CCR § 59322.)

CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

Title 5 Regulations

- Definition of "complaint" includes verbal complaints
- Districts must comply with Title IX regulations
- 90 day timeline and process for obtaining extensions
- Parties get copy of report or administrative determination of findings, action to prevent sustained allegations, proposed resolution, and complainant right to appeal

LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Title 5 Regulations – 59336 Paid Administrative Leave (effective Nov. ◀ 4, 2022)

If an academic employee is placed on involuntary paid administrative leave, the District's deadline to complete its investigation is 90 working days from the date the administrative leave started

The District can extend the administrative leave only if the employee agrees, and the extension cannot exceed more than 30 additional calendar days

5 CCR § 59336(d)



CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin



Senate Bill 493: Effective Jan. 1, 2022

- Adds additional protections re sexual harassment
- Applies to institutions receiving state financial assistance including California community colleges
- Amended the definition of "sexual harassment" (Cal. Ed. Code § 66262.5.)
- Added procedural requirements for responding to notice of sexual harassment (Cal. Ed. Code § 66281.8.)

CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

Definition of "Sexual Harassment" Under the Education Code

- "Sexual harassment" means unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal, visual, or physical conduct of a sexual nature, made by someone from or in the work or educational setting, under certain conditions
- Includes sexual battery, sexual violence, and sexual exploitation

Cal. Ed. Code §§ 212.5



LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Knowledge of Sexual Harassment

"A postsecondary institution shall be presumed to know of sexual harassment if a **responsible employee** knew, or, in the exercise of reasonable care, should have known, about the sexual harassment."

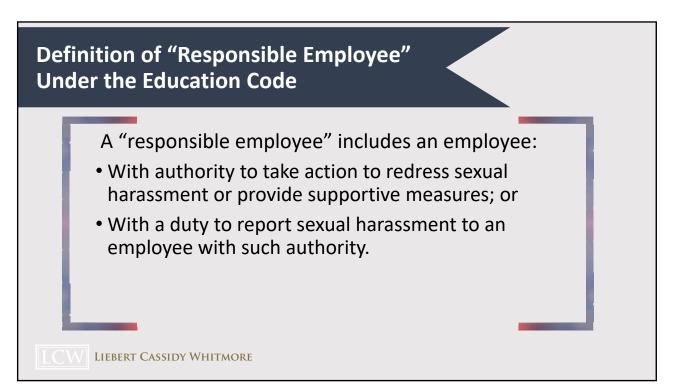
An institution may rebut this presumption of knowledge if certain elements are met.

Cal. Ed. Code § 66281.8(b)(3)(C).





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023







CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin



 Darius Biers is an probationary faculty member who teaches a biology lab class. Tony is a part time employee in the lab and a biology student at the College. Darius assigns Tony work such as which labs to set up and what materials are needed. Tony tells Professor Biers that for the past week, Professor Angela Smith commented on his looks right after class and texted him several sexually explicit jokes while he is working in the lab.



LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Case Study con't

Professor Biers does not want to get involved because Professor Smith is on his tenure faculty review committee.

Does Darius have any reporting obligations under the Education Code?

Does it matter that he is worried Professor Randall may retaliate against him?

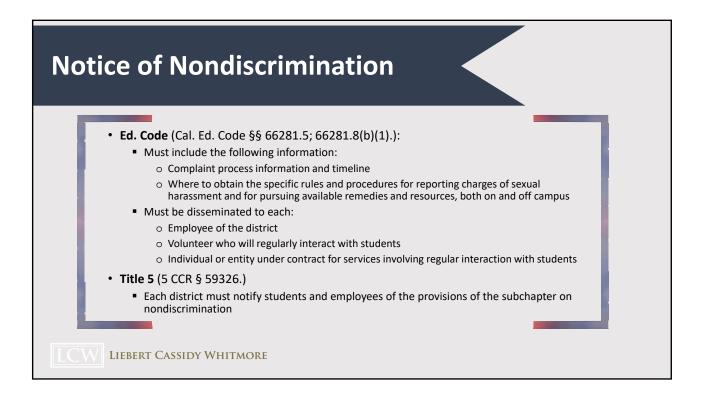
What consequences does the District face if he fails to report?



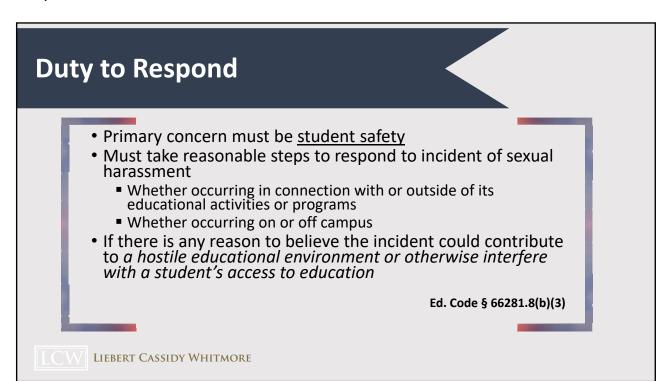


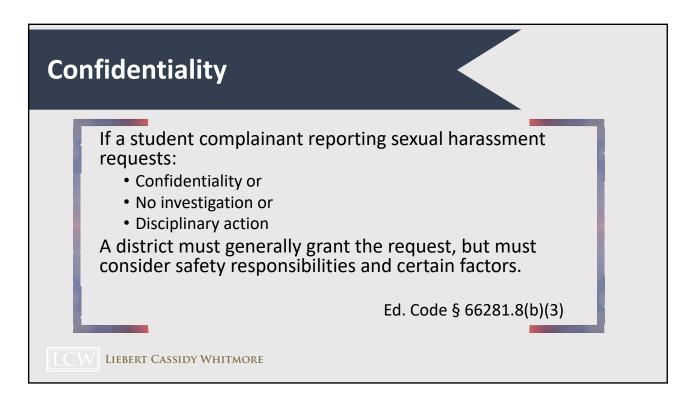
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

Confidentiality – Factors to Consider

- Whether there are multiple or prior reports against the respondent;
- · Whether a weapon, physical restraints or battery was involved;
- · Whether the respondent was a faculty or staff member with student oversight;
- The imbalance of power, if any, between the parties;
- · The safety of complainant; and
- Whether a thorough investigation can be completed while maintaining the request for confidentiality.

If student complainant's identity will be disclosed, student complainant must receive notice prior to disclosure or investigation and District must take immediate steps to provide for the safety of complainant when appropriate.



LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Training Employees

- A district must provide training to <u>each employee engaged in</u> the grievance procedures related to sexual discrimination, including sexual violence. It must include training on:
 - Trauma informed investigatory and hearing practices that help ensure an impartial and equitable process;
 - Best practices for assessment of a sexual harassment or sexual violence complaint;
 - Best practices for questioning of the complainant, respondent, and witnesses; and
 - Implicit bias and racial inequities, both broadly and in school disciplinary processes.

Cal. Ed. Code §§ 66281.8(b)(6); 67386(b)(12).





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

Training Employees and Notice of Obligation to Report

- A district must provide training to <u>all employees</u> on the identification of sexual harassment, including the person to whom it should be reported.
 - A district is not required to provide separate training for identification of sexual harassment. It may include this requirement in existing employee training on sexual harassment.
- A district must notify employees of the obligation to report harassment to appropriate school officials.

Cal. Ed. Code §§ 66281.8(b)(8)-(9).



LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Education Code Grievance Procedures: Student Harassment Complaints

- A district must adopt and publish grievance procedures on its website that provide for prompt and equitable resolution of sexual harassment complaints filed by a student against an employee or another student
 - These grievance procedures do not need to be separate for student sexual harassment complaints; a district may use student disciplinary procedures or other separate procedures to resolve sexual harassment complaints
- The grievance procedures must
 - Provide a process for a student to report sexual harassment by a third party
 - Must state that this is not an adversarial process (no burden to prove or disprove the underlying allegation(s) of misconduct)
 - Prohibit questions that are repetitive, irrelevant, or harassing.

Cal. Ed. Code §§ 66281.8(b)(4), (c)





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

Education Code Grievance Procedures: Student Harassment Complaints

- Must provide notice to all students of the grievance procedures, including where and how complaints may be filed
- Must apply the preponderance of the evidence standard, and provide an explanation of the meaning of that standard
- Must provide a reasonably prompt timeframe and a process for extending timelines for good cause
- Must not unreasonably deny a student party's request for an extension of a deadliné during periods of examinations or school closures

Cal. Ed. Code § 66281.8(b)(4)

LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Case Study

Professor Darius Biers decides to report what Student Tony told him about Professor Smith's harassment and sexually explicit texts messages to the Human Resources Department.

Should this be covered by Title IX or California law? Explain why?



CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

Education Code Grievance Procedures: Student Harassment Complaints

Notice to Student Parties

- Both student parties must have the opportunity to have a support or advisory person accompany them during any stage of the process
- Student parties must be advised of their right to consult with an attorney, at their own expense. An attorney may serve as the student's support person or advisor
- Student parties must receive notice of the appropriate counseling resources developed and maintained by the district



LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Grievance Procedures – Notice to Student Parties

- A district must provide student parties notice that it is conducting a formal investigation. The notice must include the allegations and the alleged district policy violations under review
 - Any new allegations that arise during the course of the investigation that could subject either party to new or additional sanctions shall be subject to the same notice requirements

Cal. Ed. Code § 66281.8(b)(4)(A)(xvi)



CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

Education Code Grievance Procedures -Investigation of Complaint

- Provide periodic status updates on the investigation to the complainant and respondent
- Provide written notice to parties of any granted extension in the investigation and fact-finding process and the reason for that extension

Cal. Ed. Code § 66281.8(b)(4)

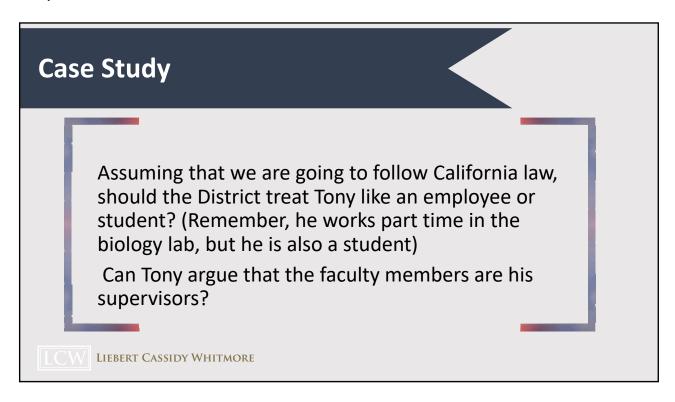
LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

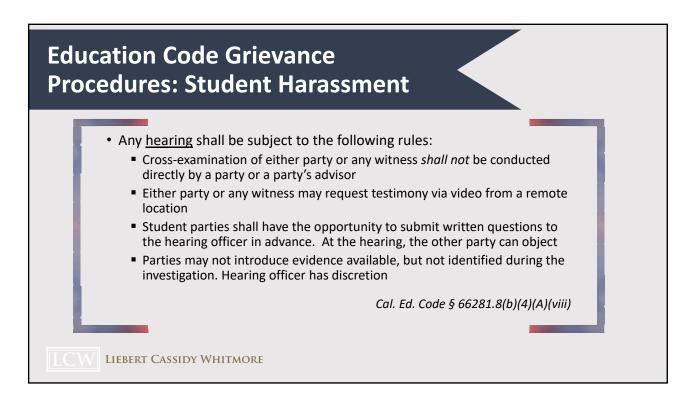
Education Code Grievance Procedures

- Grievance procedures must outline:
 - Possible interim measures pending an investigation;
 - Supportive measures that may be provided in the absence of an investigation; and
 - The disciplinary outcomes, remedial measures, and systemic remedies that may follow the final finding of responsibility.

Cal. Ed. Code § 66281.8(b)(4)(A)(xxi)

CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

Education Code – Consideration of Prior or Subsequent Sexual History

- Grievance procedures must include that the investigator or hearing officer shall not:
 - Consider the past sexual history of a complainant or respondent except in certain limited circumstances
 - Consider prior or subsequent sexual history between the complainant and anyone other than the respondent for any reason unless directly relevant to prove that physical injuries were inflicted by another individual
- Before allowing the consideration of any evidence re prior or subsequent sexual history, the investigator or hearing officer shall provide a written explanation to the parties as to why consideration of the evidence is consistent with Cal. Ed. Code § 66281.8(b)(4)(A)(vi)



LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Education Code – Investigation of Complaint

- Must be trauma-informed and provide impartial investigation of complaints
- Person or entity responsible for conducting investigations, finding facts, and making disciplinary decisions must be neutral
- Student parties must be given opportunity to identify witnesses and other evidence
- Must inform parties that any evidence available but not disclosed during the investigation might not be considered at a subsequent hearing
- Grievance procedures must include reasonable and equitable evidentiary guidelines

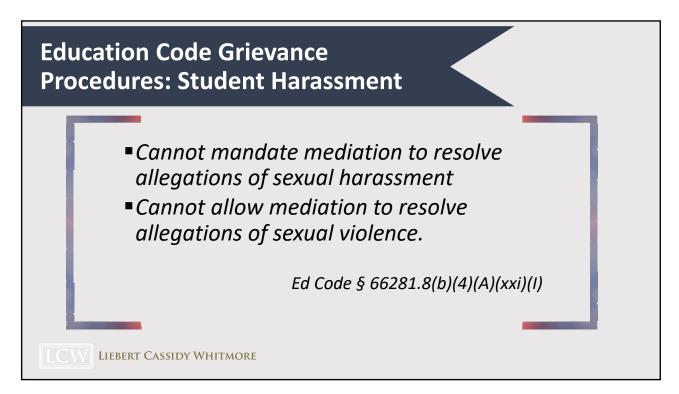
Cal. Ed. Code § 66281.8(b)(4)





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin



Grievance Procedures – Outcome of Complaint and Next Steps

- District must provide written notice to parties of the outcome of the complaint, including:
 - Whether a policy violation was found to have occurred;
 - The basis for that determination, including factual findings; and
 - Any discipline imposed.
- Grievance procedures must provide assurance that the district will take steps to prevent recurrence of any harassment and to correct its discriminatory effects on the complainant and others, if appropriate

Cal. Ed. Code § 66281.8(b)(4)(A)(xiv)-(xv)



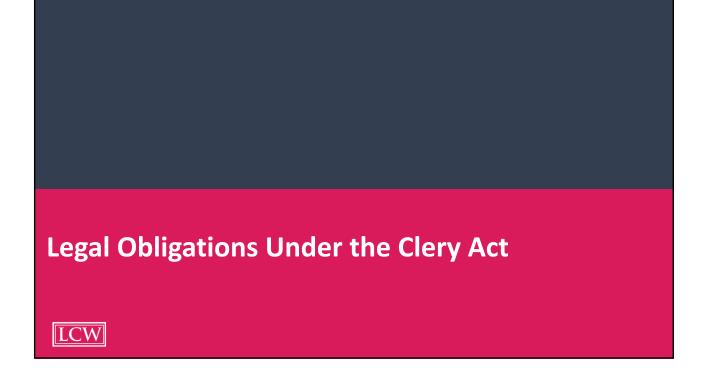
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

Grievance Procedures – Appeals

- Grievance procedures must allow either party to appeal the outcome of the grievance proceeding if the district has such an appeals process
 - Unlike the Title IX Regulations, the Ed. Code does not require an appeals process
 - But, Title 5 permits a complainant to submit a written appeal within 30 days (5 CCR §§ 59338, 59339.)
- A district's grievance procedure may limit the grounds for an appeal, provided that any limitation shall apply equally to all parties and that the non-appealing party shall have an opportunity to respond to the appeal

Cal. Ed. Code § 66281.8(b)(4)(A)(xx)



CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

Presented By: Pilar Morin

Clery Act

- Applies to districts that receive federal financial aid
- Ensures access to accurate information about crimes on campus and campus security procedures
- Fines may be up to \$62,689 per incident by the U.S. Department of Education, the agency with jurisdiction to enforce the Act



LIEBERT CASSIDY WHITMORE

Campus Security Authority

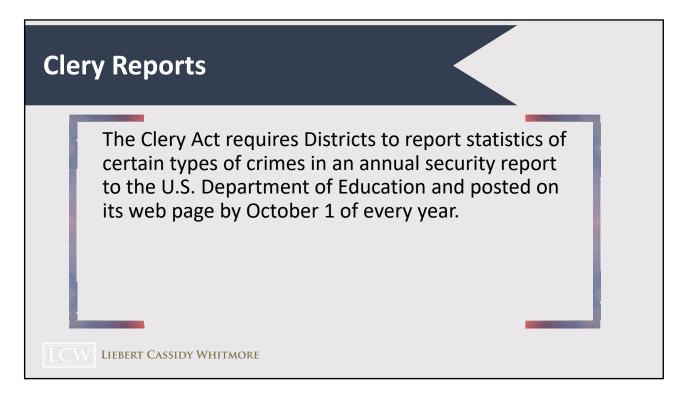
Campus Security Authority

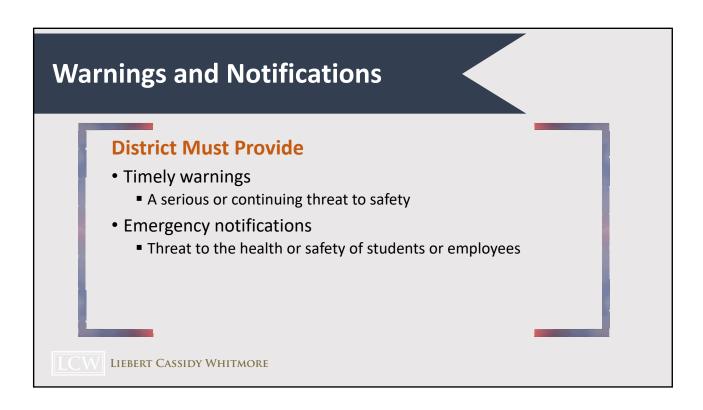
- Duty to notify responsible individuals (Clery Act coordinator or District police) of alleged Clery Act crimes for reporting.
- CSA include campus police and officials who:
 - Are listed in college's annual security report as an individual to whom reportable criminal offenses should be reported;
 - Are responsible for campus security in addition to policy/security personnel
 - Have significant responsibility for student/campus activities, including student discipline



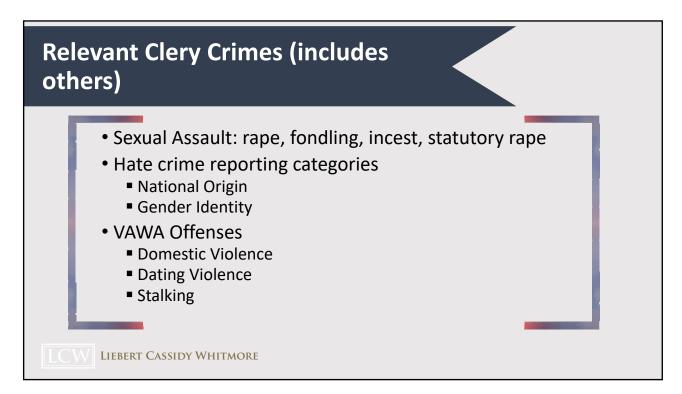


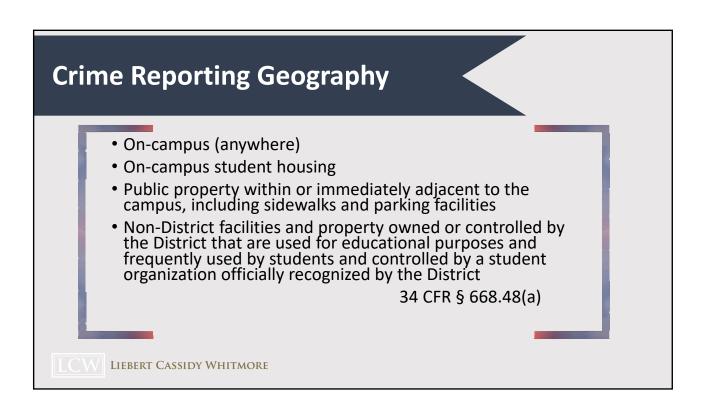
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023



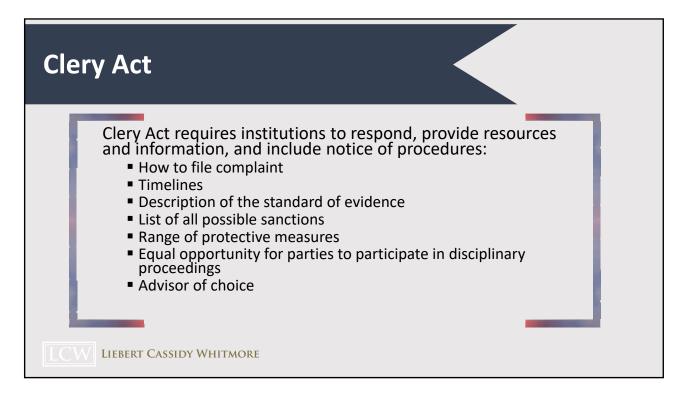


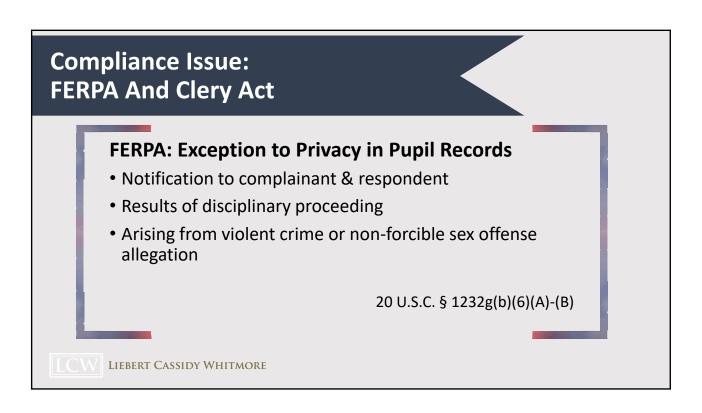
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023



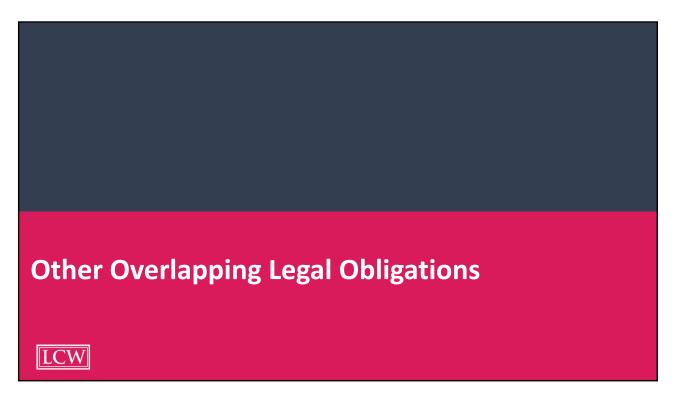


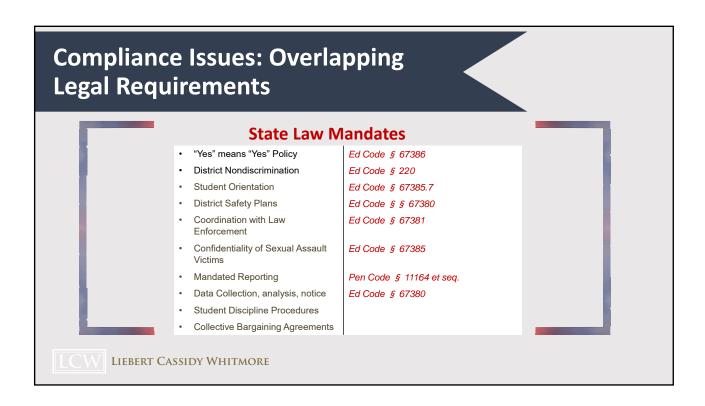
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





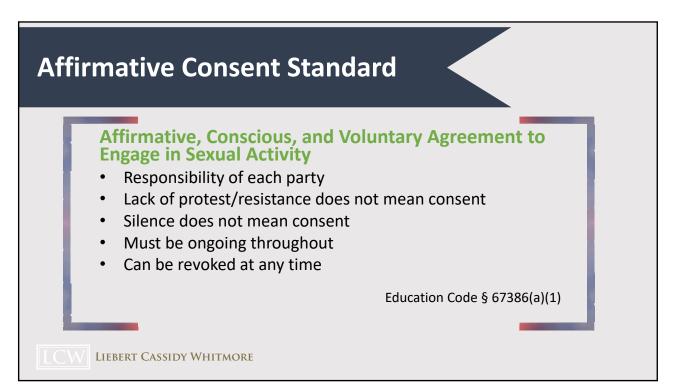
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

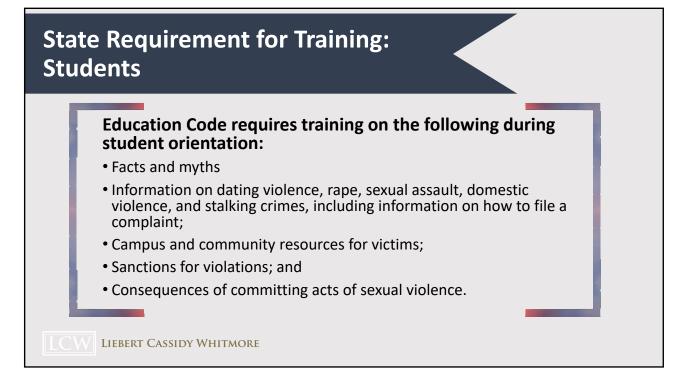




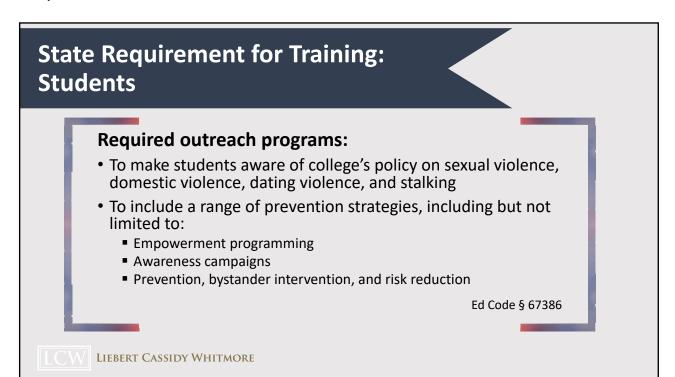


CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023



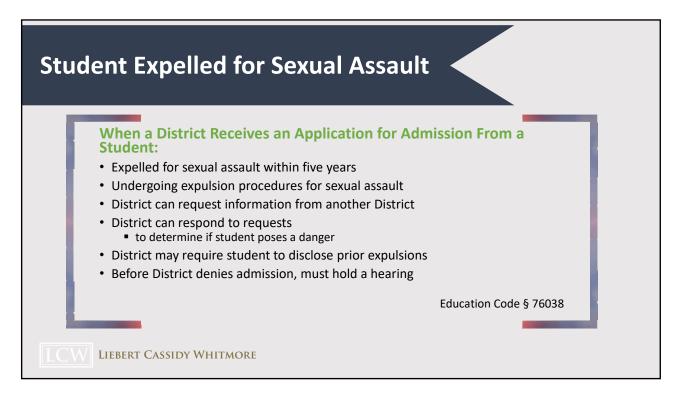


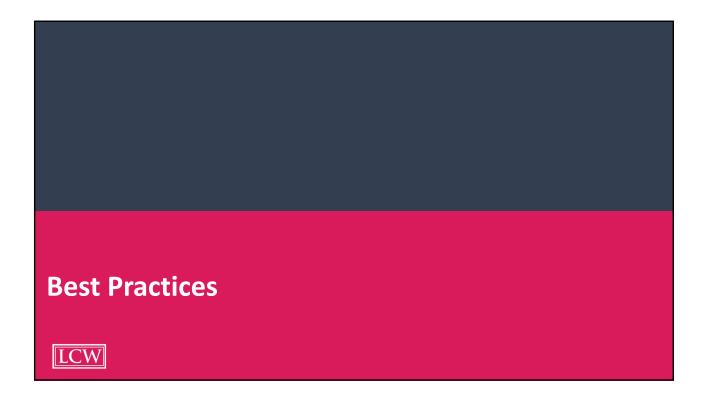
CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

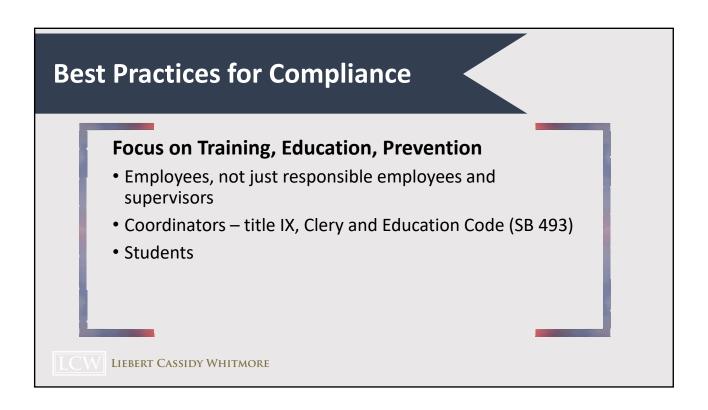






CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023





CCCCD, NCCCD and SCCCD ERCs | February 10, 2023

